



PIEZORESISTIVE OEM PRESSURE TRANSMITTERS

WITH I²C INTERFACE AND EMBEDDED SIGNAL CONDITIONING

With the D-line, Keller introduces a unique combination consisting of an exceedingly robust industrial pressure transducer and the popular I²C microcontroller interface. Pressure transmitters with this interface are commonly available only in consumer market housings made of plastic or ceramic, where merely the parameters for compensation are stored in an integrated memory. The D-line OEM transmitters however have an unprecedented embedded digital signal processing (DSP) core for the compensation and normalization of the output values.

Technology

The Series 4 LD...9 LD is based on KELLER's famous Chip-In-Oil (CIO) technology. The "L" stands for the laser welded stainless steel housing and could equally be representative for low-power (typ. 0,1 μ A in idle/sleep mode) and low-voltage (Supply: 1,8...3,6 VDC). The housing is hermetically-sealed, oil-filled and builds a Faraday cage with feed-through capacitors around the entire electronics. The digital interface of the electronics with dual information of pressure and temperature is indicated by the "D".

Interface

The easiest way to couple an OEM pressure transmitter to a microcontroller based system is a digital I/O-compatible interface; no amplification, no analog to digital conversion, no calibration, no temperature coefficients. In short: no problems.

I²C (Inter-Integrated Circuit) is designed for a direct connection between devices on a printed circuit board. It is a BUS-system because it allows the connection of multiple transmitters (slaves) to the same communication lines, but it is not a fieldbus with the classic long distance inter-connectability. So the D-Line combines an industrial pressure interface for harsh environment with an electrical interface for OEM applications.

The values are in 16 Bit unsigned integer format and the scaling is given by constants or by the memory content of the transmitter (two floating point values IEEE 754 for the pressure scaling).

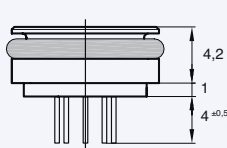
Performance features

- Ultra low power consumption, optimised for battery powered applications
- Hermetically protected sensor electronics – extremely resistant to environmental influences
- Ultra-compact, robust housing made from stainless steel (optional Hastelloy C-276)
- No external electronics for compensation or signal processing
- Extremely accurate, outstanding long-term stability, no hysteresis
- Pressure ranges of 1 bar to 1000 bar
- Easy to integrate into microcontroller based systems
- Internal two-chip solution with pressure sensor and signal processing separation provides a high degree of flexibility

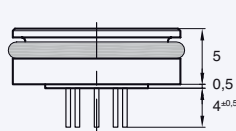
SERIES 4 LD...9 LD



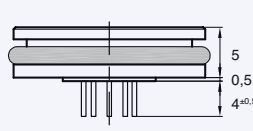
Series 4 LD
Ø 11



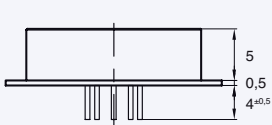
Series 7 LD
Ø 15



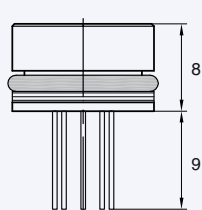
Series 9 LD
Ø 19



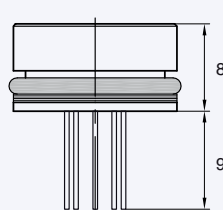
Series 9 FLD
Ø 17 / Ø 21



Series 6 LD HP
Ø 13

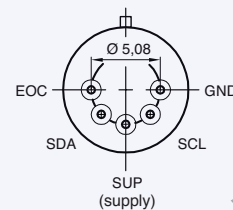


Series 7 LD HP
Ø 15



For proper handling please check our [installation instructions](#) on our product specific web page.

Connection



Label	Description	Wire
SUP	1,8...3,6 V	BK
GND	GND	WH
SCL	I ² C Clock	YE
SDA	I ² C Data	BU
EOC	End of Conversion	RD



Specifications

Table with pressure ranges (rel. and abs.) for various models (PR, PA, PAA) and their corresponding ranges in bar.

Accuracy (1), Overpressure, Long Term Stability. max. ± 0,15 %FS (600 bar: ± 0,25 %FS / 1000 bar: ± 0,35 %FS)

Table with columns: Type/Version, Dimensions [mm], Pressure Range, Operating Temperature, Comp. Temp. Range, TEB [%FS]. Rows include 4 LD, 7 LD, 9 LD, 9 FLD, 6 LD HP, 7 LD HP.

(1) Linearity best straight line@RT, hysteresis, repeatability
(2) TEB (Total Error Band): Maximum deviation within specified pressure and compensated temperature range
(3) abs: Absolute Pressure Measurement (PAA: Absolute, Zero at vacuum PA: Sealed Gauge, Zero at 1,0 bar abs.)
(4) rel: Referential version (PR: Vented Gauge, Zero at atmospheric pressure)
(5) Dimensions without glass feed through

Interface: digital I2C (serial synchronous)
Signal Output: P [bar], T [°C]: normalised to 16 Bit unsigned integer
Pressure Range Reserve: typ. ± 10 %FS, min. ± 5 %FS
Supply: 1,8...3,6 V
Power Consumption: typ. 1,5 mA during conversion, typ. 100 nA in idle mode
Bit Rate: ≤ 400 kHz
Start-up Time (Supply ON): < 1 ms
Conversion Time: typ. 6 ms, max. 8 ms (for P and T)
Logic Levels: LOW: max. 15 %V SUP, HIGH: min. 85 %V SUP
Noise Floor: max. ± 0,015 %FS (temperature 4 Bit)
Temperature Accuracy: typ. ± 2 °C
Supply Voltage Dependency: none
Isolation: > 100 MΩ @ 500 VDC
ESD - Human Body Model: 4 kV (HBM: C = 100 pF / R = 1,5 kΩ)
Material in Contact with Media: - Stainless Steel AISI 316L (DIN 1.4404 / 1.4435)
Oil Filling: Silicone oil, others on request
Pressure Endurance: 0...100 %FS @ 25 °C: > 10 million pressure cycles with appropriate installation
Vibration Endurance: 20 g, 5...2000 Hz, X/Y/Z-Achse
Shock: 75 g sine 11 ms
Electrical Connection: - Glass feed through pins ø 0,45 mm, L = 4 ± 0,5 mm
Options: - Electrical connection: 7 cm silicone wires 0,09 mm² on the glass feed through pins
Other possible versions: - Series 9 LD: With pressure range 300 mbar rel.
Remarks: - Intermediate press. ranges only for high-volume projects

Communication Protocol

D-Line OEM-transmitter samples only on request. The idle state is the sleep mode to save power.

Sequence for data acquisition:

- 1. Request measurement
2. Await the end of conversion (three ways)
3. Read out measurement results
4. Interpretation of new data

The complete communication protocol is available on the KELLER homepage.

